DOMANDA N.1 **NON ESTRATTA**

-LEGGE 190/2012: DEFINIZIONE E FINALITA', SOGGETTI COINVOLTI E MISURE DI PREVENZIONE PER LA CORRUZIONE.

-IL MODELLO ORGANIZZATIVO DIPARTIMENTALE.

DOMANDA N.2 **ESTRATTA**

- PIAO: RIFERIMENTI LEGISLATIVI, DEFINIZIONE E FINALITA’.

- ORGANI DELLE ASL: RIFERIMENTI LEGISLATIVI, FUNZIONI E REQUISITI.

DOMANDA N.3 **NON ESTRATTA**

- I SISTEMI DI CONTROLLO INTERNI ED ESTERNI NELLE AZIENDE SANITARIE.

- REGOLAMENTO U.E. 2016/679 TRATTAMENTO DEI DATI: IL CANDIDATO ILLUSTRI LE PRINCIPALI FIGURE PREVISTE E LE RELATIVE COMPETENZE.

PROVA INGLESE

WHAT TO VISIT IN MALTA?

There are many interesting things to see in Malta! Some of the highlights include Valletta, the capital with its unique history and architecture, the megalithic temples of Ħaġar Qim and Mnajdra, the ancient city of Mdina, the Dingli Cliffs, the Blue Cave at Zurrieq and the islands of Gozo and Comino, etc. There are also numerous churches, museums and historic sites to explore throughout the island. The Triton Fountain is one of Valletta's iconic attractions. It is located in the main square of the city, called Piazza della Regina (Pjazza Regina). The fountain was designed by the Maltese architect Giuseppe Valenti and was completed in 1959. The fountain represents four tritons holding cornucopias, from which water flows into a large basin. It is one of Valletta's most recognizable works of art and is definitely worth a visit during a city tour. In Mdina, Malta's ancient walled city, there are many attractions to visit that reflect its rich history and medieval charm. Exploring Mdina is like travelling through time, immersed in the history and beauty of this ancient Maltese city. You must also visit Marsaxlokk. It is one of the most picturesque and traditional fishing villages on the island. Marsaxlokk is a lovely place to immerse yourself in Maltese culture and experience the life of local fishermen.

DOMANDA INFORMATICA

COSA SI INTENDE PER WORD?